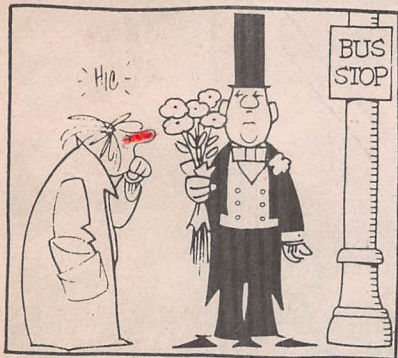


Timpanagos highlighted

Kent Goodliffe, an instructor at Utah Valley Community College and his students will display their paintings of Timpanagos at the Provo Utilities Building through May.

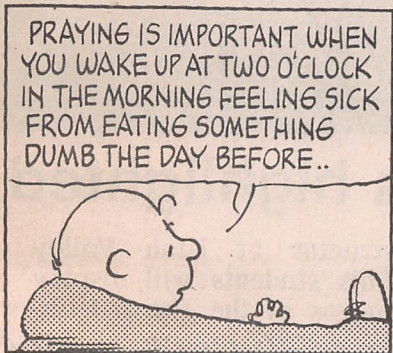
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By Charles M. Schulz



on Mt. Timpanogos, because it is typical of that in other canyons and mountains of the state," Mr. Madsen announced.

As they were driving up the canyon, Alison Shirley observed, "The vegetation is rather dense — the mountains are covered with trees and shrubs. What are their names?"

"The principal trees lower in the canyon are the box elder, the maple, and several species of cottonwood. These are interspersed with clusters of willows and shrubs, which hardly grow tall enough to be termed trees. Among them are the mountain alder, hawthorn, red birch, chokecherry, and serviceberry. Up the mountain sides from the stream, you can see the scrub oak and maple growing in abundance."

A little later the instructor pointed out, "Now that we have climbed higher into the mountains, we have come to beautiful groves of aspen, sometimes called quaking aspen. Such evergreens as Douglas fir, white balsam, and Engelmann spruce grow at higher altitudes in the mountains.

"Also," he added, "lodgepole pines grow abundantly in the Uintah Mountains and in the Wasatch Mountains near the Idaho line."